

FIFTEENTH KERALA LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY

**COMMITTEE
ON
PUBLIC ACCOUNTS
(2021-2023)**

NINTH REPORT

On

**Action Taken by Government on the Recommendations contained
in the Twenty Seventh Report of the Committee on
Public Accounts (2006-2008)**

CONTENTS

	<i>Page</i>
Composition of the Committee ..	v
Introduction ..	vii
Report ..	1
Appendices : Summary of main Conclusions/Recommendations ..	25
Annexure I ..	28
Annexure II ..	32
Annexure III ..	34
Annexure IV ..	28

COMMITTEE ON PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

(2021-2023)

Composition

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Smt. Shamy J., Under Secretary.

INTRODUCTION

I, the Chairman, Committee on Public Accounts, having been authorised by the Committee to present this Report, on their behalf present the Ninth Report on Action Taken by Government on the Recommendations contained in the Twenty Seventh Report of the Committee on Public Accounts (2006-2008).

The Committee considered and finalised this Report at the meeting held on 11th March, 2022.

Thiruvananthapuram,
11th March, 2022.

SUNNY JOSEPH,
Chairman,
Committee on Public Accounts.

REPORT

This Report deals with the Action Taken by the Government on the recommendations contained in the 27th Report of the Committee on Public Accounts (2006-2008).

The 27th Report of the Committee on Public Accounts (2006-2008) was presented in the House on 10th July 2007. The Report contained Nineteen recommendations relating to Fisheries and ports Department. The report was forwarded to Government on 2-9-2007 seeking the Statements of Action on the recommendations contained in the Report and the final reply was received on 26-9-2017.

The Committee examined the Statements of Action Taken received from the Government as its meeting held on 6-1-2010, 8-12-2010, 2-1-2013, 23-7-2014 and 22-11-2017. The Committee was not satisfied with the Action Taken by the Department on the recommendations in Para 6, 11, 13, 15, 18, 32, 35 and 40 and decided to pursue further. These recommendations, reply furnished thereon and further recommendations of the Committee are included in Chapter I of this Report.

The Committee decided not to pursue further action on the remaining recommendations, in the light of the replies furnished by the Government. Such recommendations of the committee and the Action Taken by Government are included in Chapter II of this Report.

CHAPTER I

FISHERIES & PORTS DEPARTMENT

Recommendation

(Sl. No. 1, Para No. 6)

1.1 The Committee observes that there was lapse on the part of the department in not enquiring about the reputation and previous record of the company before entering into the agreement for purchasing the hydrojet marine speed boats. It is clear that the absence of a technical committee/expert has led to the purchase of defective boats. The committee directs the department to fix

responsibility on the Officers responsible for buying defective boats. The Committee desires to know whether the department has actually constituted an expert committee as assured. The Committee also directs to inform whether the defective boats have been disposed of.

Action Taken

1.2 The case relates to an audit objection during 1997. As the constitution of committee and related aspects are very old, the entire details could not be traced out. Hydrojet Boat No. I & III were disposed after observing formalities.

During auction held on 10-3-2008, the high bidder (Rs. 75,000) had then offered an amount of Rs. 91,500 for Hydrojet Boat No.II. Government as per GO(Rt) No.259/09/F&PD dated 15-5-2009 have accorded sanction to dispose Hydrojet boat No. II @Rs.91,500.

Further Recommendation

1.3 The Committee recommends to conduct Vigilance enquiry on the fact that the boat went out of order after operating for only 800 hours.

Recommendation

(Sl. No. 4, Para No. 11)

1.4 The Committee finds that the work, (of Munambam Harbour) envisaged to be completed in March 1995, could be completed only in September 1997. It is clear from the Departments confession that it has failed in providing funds necessary for the timely completion of the project. The Committee desires that responsibility be fixed against the officers responsible for the lapse that has led to the delay and extra liability of Rs. 60.89 lakh.

Action Taken

1.5 An Agreement for the construction of Breakwater of Munambam Fishery Harbour was executed on 2-6-1992 for an amount of Rs.364 lakh with M/s. Paily Pillai & Sons Perumpallil Building Kolenchery P.O. Period of completion of the work was 24 months ie. Upto 17-6-1994. The time of completion was extended was up to 31-3-1995. The estimate for the work was prepared based on 1990 Schedule of Rates.

But during 12/94 the contractor stopped the work starting the due to huge pendency of bills, he was unable to proceed with the construction. Bills amounting to Rs.86.84 lakh were pending with the department during 12/94 for want of letter of credit. This pendency was cleared by the department during 3/95 when the letter of credit was received. Eventhough the bills were cleared by the department, the contractor intimated that further continuance of the work beyond 3/95 after expiry of agreement period would only be subject to revision of rates and other claims put forward by him.

Eventhough the agreement for the work was executed on 2-6-1992 the approach road to the weigh bridge in Munambam side was completed on 30-11-1992 and the approach road and weigh bridge in Azheekode side on 12-4-1993. The Approach road to the Munambam weigh bridge was constructed by the contractor of the Breakwater as extra item after executing the agreement for Breakwater. The approach road to Azheekode weigh bridge as well as the weigh bridge itself was entrusted to a separate contractor during 1/92 and 6/91. Since the work was not completed in time by the contractor, the same was cancelled and was re-arranged through another contractor Sri C. I. Mathew and the same was completed by 12-4-1993 only. Hence no lapse had occurred on the part of departmental officers in arranging these works.

In order to avoid delay in completing the work of breakwater, the work of approach road to Munambam weigh Bridge was arranged through the contractor of the Breakwater as extra item. The weigh bridge at Azheekode side was arranged as a separate work before the agreement date of Breakwater. But the work could not be completed in time. Eventhough the weigh bridge was not completed the contractor could have started the supply of 5 to 10 Kg. stones for stack measurement for which weigh bridge was not required. But the contractor had not taken any step to commence the work even after directions from Department.

In view of the above factors it is clear that the department officers have taken all possible efforts to complete the works in time but the work was delayed due to the laxity of the contractors. Moreover no recommendation the rate revision was made. Hence there was no lapse on the part of the departmental officers, and therefore the direction to fix the liability on departmental officers may be reviewed.

The works of Munambam Fishery Harbour Project have been completed and the project commissioned in 8/2000. Revenue Collection from this period up-to-date is Rs. 1,04,03,129.

Further Recommendation

1.6 The committee was dissatisfied with the vague reply. The committee views seriously the fact that the department had not taken any steps to fix responsibility against the erring officials.

Recommendation

(Sl. No. 5, Para No. 13)

1.7 The Committee desires to be informed whether all the works related to the Project (Vizhinjam Fishing harbour) has been completed. The Committee opines that the Department has failed to fix responsibility for the omission, which had led to the loss of Rs.18.19 lakh. The Committee urges the department to take necessary steps for fixing responsibility and also for making good the loss brought about by the Department. The Committee enquires whether arbitration clause has been completely deleted. If not the Committee suggest that clause be permanently omitted.

Action Taken

1.8 The arbitration clause has been permanently omitted. The officer who signed the agreement retired on superannuation on 30-9-1996. At the time of issuance of his NLC for claiming the pensionary benefits, the Government was requested whether NLC could be issued since there was a reference in the inspection Report of the Vizhinjam Division for 1995 about fixing of liability on the responsible officer for the loss sustained to Government due to non authenticated scoring of the arbitration clause in the agreement and the NIT. But he filed OP No. 30857/00 in the Hon'ble High Court of Kerala and thereafter W.A No.265/01 and the court vide judgement dated 18-1-2001 issued direction to release his pensionary claims.

All works related to the Vizhinjam Fishery Harbour Project are expected to be completed shortly, However balance works such as protection of Khabar, dredging, protection of D and E Block, Water Supply facility are to be arranged. The estimate for the same is being scrutinized.

Further Recommendation

1.9 The committee noticed that the slackness on behalf of the department in effecting the loss sustained to Government was purposeful and strongly criticized the department for not taking civil proceedings against the accused and observed that this was to help the delinquent to evade the recovery process. The Committee recommends that the Department should initiate RR proceedings against the accused.

Recommendation

(Sl. No. 6, Para No. 15)

1.10 The Committee urges the department to inform whether the work (Thangassery breakwater project) has been fully commissioned, and to enquire and inform the reason for enhancement of rate for the work.

Action Taken

1.11.

1. Thangassery Harbour fully commissioned in 3/2001.

2. The reasons for enhancement of rates for the work is detailed as follows.

1. Severe erosion in 1994

Severe erosion in 7/1994 resulted in the evacuation and rehabilitation of 224 fishermen families from the project area, construction of shore protection work etc. The approach road to the breakwater was also damaged due to the said natural calamity. The construction of shore protection works, rehabilitation and the re-construction of approach road had delayed the advancement of breakwater by 33 days, which in turn had delayed the work and the project completion.

2. Shifting the position of leeward breakwater

The main component of the stage I works of the project ie, breakwater was commenced on 8-11-1991 with targeted date of completion on 7-11-1994. But the works could not be completed as targeted due to the following reasons and the stage I works could be completed only on 30-11-1997.

Soon after the commencement of the work the people of the locality demanded shifting of Leeward Breakwater towards South at Pallihottam and extension of the main breakwater up to 2100 m to have a wide basin and operational area. Accordingly project proposal for the II stage works were submitted to Government in 12/92. (The stage II work consists of shifting of the leeward breakwater of stage I breakwater under stage II. If stage I was completed and stage II was taken up afterwards the additional leeward breakwater could become superfluous. In order to avoid the same the sanction for stage 2nd was inevitable). But the sanction for stage 2nd could be issued only during 3/94 eventhough the proposal was made during 12/1992. This has delayed the completion of the stage I works by $\frac{1}{4}$ year, which had consequently delayed the stage 2 works. Any delay in the progress of one breakwater will limit the advancement of the other breakwater.

Due to this delay the contractor was granted rate enhancement of 75% which had also increased total project cost. The schedule of rates was revised during the course of work 1992, 1996 and 1999. Since there was changes in the scope of work and as suggested by the Hon'ble High Court, the rates of the work had to be increased at par with the then prevailing schedule of rates.

Further Recommendation

1.12 The committee observed that the investigation process of Thangassery harbour was not done properly and so the work rate has to be enhanced as suggested by Hon'ble High Court. The Committee pointed out that lapse has occurred on the part of the department in handling this matter.

Recommendation

(Sl. No. 7, Para No. 18)

1.13 The Committee observes that the departmental rate for disposal of dredged sand (of Puthiyappa Fishing Harbour) has been revised as Rs.33 per cubic metre which is far below the approved Government rate of Rs.100. The committee suggests that fixing a standard rate on the basis of the average price at which sand was sold during the previous year would be more reasonable. The committee directs the department to auction the sand through open tender. The revenue thus earned could be an additional income to Government. The Committee also recommends for framing suitable guidelines for disposing of the dredged sand and spoils.

Action Taken

1.14. The surplus sand from puthiyappa Harbour was being sold based on the rates plus ST sanctioned by Government from time to time. The rate sanctioned in 2008 schedule of Rates is Rs.210/m³. Usually the rate of sand is increased in every schedule revision. Hence fixing an average price is not beneficial to Government as suggested. Since the schedule rate is comparatively more (Rs.210/m³) it is not expected that more rate will be obtained if open tender is invited. The amount collected through sale of sand for last 3 years is given below.

Year	Quantity	Amount Collected (Rs)
2006-07	26,726 m ³	32,07,120
2007-08	30,574 m ³	47,81,400
2008-09 (up to 31-1-2009)	32,712 m ³	94,23,600

The above details reveals that a good amount is collected through sale of sand from Puthiyappa Harbour. In these circumstances, it is suggested that the present system of sale of sand may be continued. The open tender system may not be advisable.

Further Recommendation

1.15 The committee noticed that the department had not followed the procedure for disposing the dredged sand. The Committee viewed the disposing of sand at a rate far below the Government rate as a serious one and recommended to take stringent action against the persons concerned after fixing responsibility.

The committee also revamped its earlier recommendation to fix a scheduled rate and to carry out auction through open tender so that the sale is fixed at higher rate.

Recommendation

(Sl. No. 10, Para No. 32)

1.16 The Committee feels that the prevalence of large number of bogus primary societies under Matsyafed which are not doing much has adversely affected the implementation of various schemes in the Matsyafed. Therefore

streamlining its functions by terminating those bogus societies is the need of the hour to make the implementation of the schemes more effective. The committee hopes that the department's move to terminate bogus societies would bring about a change for the better functioning.

Action Taken

1.17. There are 653 primary Societies affiliated to Matsyafed out of which 340 are in the marine sector, 182 in inland sector and 131 Women Co-operatives. Out of 653 societies 383 societies are working with proper budget and Business Development Plan. Matsyafed has so far assisted societies are functioning. Now Matsyafed is not providing any financial assistance to the societies that are working without proper budget and business plan.

Further Recommendation

1.18 The Committee recommended to conduct a study on the nonfunctioning of genuine societies under Matsyafed and that steps should be taken to restore defunct societies.

Recommendation

(Sl. No. 13, Para No. 35)

1.19 The Committee urges the department to take necessary measures to revive idle ice plants and to entrust the running of the ice plants to local self government bodies.

Action Taken

1.20 Action has been taken for the disposal of the following uneconomical ice plant/cold storage and their present stages are marked against each.

1. Kasaba-Kasargode : Machineries disposed by auction. Approved by Government vide GO (Rt) 628/07/F&PD dated 24-9-2007.

2. Ice Plant Thalai Kannur - Government accorded sanction vide GO (Rt) 282/05/F&PD dated 3-6-2005 to dispose of the machineries and directed Deputy Director of Fisheries, Kannur to take action accordingly.

3. Ice Plant, Maplabay, Kannur Govt. accorded sanction to dispose of the machineries, vide Go (Rt) No.31/08/F&PD dated 16-1-2008.

4. Ice Plant, Valapattanam, kannur - Action is being taken on the proposal submitted by the Director of Fisheries for the disposal - of machinery.

5. Ice Plant, Madai - Sanction accorded to hand over the machineries to SILK.

6. Ice Plant - Beypore - Machineries transferred to SILK as per GO (Rt) No.409/05/F&PD dated 29-7-2005.

7. Ice Plant, West Hill, Kozhikode - Machinery transferred to SILK.

8. Ice Plant, Koyilandy, Kozhikode - Machineries transferred to SILK.

9. Ice Plant, Thanur, Malappuram - Action is taken to dispose the machineries based on GO (Rt)296/05/F&PD dated 8-6-2005.

10. Ice Plant, Ponnani - Action is being taken to transfer - machineries to SILK.

11. Ice Plant, Chavakkadu, Thrissur, Govt. Accorded sanction vide Go (Rt)No.725/07/F&PD dated 21-11-2007 to dispose the machinery and directed to Deputy Director of Fisheries, Thrissur to take action accordingly.

12. Ice Plant, Azheekode, Thrissur, Govt. Accorded sanction vide Go (Rt)No.249/06/F&PD dated 28-5-2006 to dispose the machinery and directed to Deputy Director of Fisheries to take action accordingly.

13. Ice Plant, Thrissur - Machineries dispose of by auction.

14. Willington Ice and cold Storage Plant, Ernakulam, Action is being taken for getting proposal from Joint Director of Fisheries (CZ).

15. Cold Storage, Kottayam - Disposed of the machineries.

16. Cold Storage, Kayamkulam - Action is being taken for getting valuation certificate from Harbour Engineering Department.

17. Cold Storage, Chengannur - Govt. Directed to dispose of the machineries according to the GO (Rt)No.299/2002/Fin. Dated 15-5-2002 and directed Deputy Director of Fisheries, Alappuzha to take action accordingly.

18. Ice Plant, Neendakara, Kollam, Action is being taken for getting valuation certificate from Deputy Director of Fisheries, Kollam.

19. Punalur-Cold Storage Plant - Kollam - Transferred to Municipality.

20. Attipra, Thiruvananthapuram - Machineries being disposed by auction.

21. Ice Plant, Vizhinjam-Deputy Director of Fisheries, Thiruvananthapuram is entrusted to dispose of the Machineries by public auction. The Kitco has been entrusted the task of preparing project report for utilisation of land building attached to Ice plant and cold storages.

Copy of the proposal drawn by KITCO for undertaking the study on effective utilisation of land and buildings of Ice Plants and Cold Storages of the Department at a consultancy fee of Rs. 15 lakh is enclosed. (Annexure I) Government vide G.O (Rt) No. 282/09/F&D dated 25-5-2009 have approved the proposal of KITCO (copy enclosed).

Further Recommendation

1.21 The committee decided to call for details of follow up action taken on the Government order mentioned in the reply.

Recommendation

(Sl. No. 18, Para No. 40)

1.22 The Committee directs the department to constitute a committee for conducting an in- depth study on Matsyafed and to submit its report to the committee within 3 months so as to bring about a qualitative change in the functioning of that body. The Committee also directs the department to enquire into the allegations and to fix responsibility on the officers concerned and to take necessary action against them.

Action Taken

1.23 As per G.O.(Rt) No.242/10/F&PD dated 25-3-2010 a High Level Committee has been constituted for study on streamlining the functions of Matsyafed. Copy of the G.O. is enclosed. (Annexure II) Delay occurred due to administrative reasons. The Committee had public sittings in Thiruvananthapuram, Ernakulam and Kozhikode. Separate sittings with Board of Directors of Matsyafed, Trade Union Organizations, exporters, NGOs etc. have been concluded. The Committee is taking urgent steps to finalise the report.

Further recommendation

1.24 The Committee wanted to know whether the High Level Committee constituted for studying the functioning of Matsyafed had finalized its report. If so, the Committee directed to department to furnish it to the Committee.

Action Taken

1.25 The High Level Committee constituted vide G.O.(Rt) No.242/10/F&PD dated 25-3-2010 has finalised its report and the recommendation of the Committee has been approved vide G.O(Rt) No.226/11/F&PD dated 1-3-2011. Copy enclosed (Annexure 3).

Further recommendation

1.26 The Committee decided to examine the report of the High Level Committee constituted as per the recommendation of PAC on the functioning of Matsyafed in detail on a later date.

CHAPTER II

RECOMMENDATIONS WHICH THE COMMITTEE DOES NOT DESIRE TO PURSUE IN THE LIGHT OF THE REPLIES FURNISHED BY THE GOVERNMENT

FISHERIES AND PORTS DEPARTMENT

Recommendation

(Sl. No.2, Para No.7)

2.1 The Committee suggests that the department procures well equipped, high speed, seaworthy vessels designed according to international standards for marine enforcement activities so that hiring of private boats for rescue operations could be avoided. The procurement of such vessels could be through the Kerala State Inland Navigation Corporation, which could also be entrusted with the maintenance of such boats.

Action Taken

2.2 As per the G.O. (Rt) No.483/09/F&PD dated 6-8-2009 Government have accorded sanction to purchase 3 new Sea Rescue Boats plus accessories at a total cost of Rs.185.22 lakh + taxes.

Recommendation

(Sl. No.3, Para No.9)

2.3 The Committee points out that ban on bottom trawling being a regular features during monsoon and that department should take immediate steps for procuring boats suitable for patrolling the rough sea and avoid hiring boats for the purpose. The Committee directs the department to fix responsibility and to take action against those officers who had hired the boats on higher rate ignoring all formalities which were to be observed while hiring boats.

Action Taken

2.4 The department purchased three numbers of boat and accessories for sea rescue and patrolling during August 2010.

The file relating to hiring of boats during the Trawl ban period of 1994 is not traceable. On verification of the file relating to the hiring of boats in 1993, it is seen that impounding officers were not in a position to prevent illegal fishing due to the hostile attitude of fishing boats and non-availability of vessels suitable for patrolling in rough sea. As the boat owners of Kerala were not willing to spare their boats on hire basis, the only alternative left was to contact the boat owners of Tamil Nadu. Nowadays the department is getting boats at even lower rates in some districts and higher rates have to be paid in other districts. This may be due to the level of competition, risk involved and availability of boats in each District.

The boats hired in 1994 during trawl ban period were effectively used for patrolling and the action of Director of Fisheries was already ratified by Government.

Recommendation

(Sl. No.8, Para No.20)

2.5 In the statement of remedial measures taken (on Mopla Bay Fishing Harbour) Furnished by the department it is seen that no provision was given for works under water and that the contractors had been informed about that site by the department making it clear that the work was to be carried out reclaimed area. Also the contractors were to quote the rate after fully acquainting themselves with

the prevailing site conditions. The Department has provided extra payment of Rs.20.48 lakh to the contractor for reclamation work as the site was submerged. This contradicts the Department stand that the site was already reclaimed it is evident that there has been lapsed in the preparation of estimate. The Committee therefore requires the Department to conduct an enquiry into the various aspects related to the preparation of estimate and to undertake proper investigation before preparing the estimate. The Committee also suggests an enquiry into the sanction of extra item of work resulting in undue financial aid to the contractor.

Action Taken

2.6 The Harbour Engineering Department had already initiated action for reclamation of the area proposed for the construction of wharf at Mopla Bay, at the time of preparation of estimate for the wharf. Hence while issuing Technical Sanction for the work, no provision for working in or under water condition was given in the estimate. Usually for boring work in or water, provision for forming temporary bunds/floating platform for supporting the boring plant will be given the estimate. Since the reclamation work was already arranged and expecting its completion prior to wharf work, no provision was given in the estimate for wharf for underwater construction. The contractors participating in the tender, will be able to understand the provisions given in the estimate for the work during inspection of site and discussion with departmental officers before quoting their rates. No where in the tender schedule it was stated that the work had to be carried out underwater. Also the contractors participating in the tender, who had contacted the site officers had been informed of the action already initiated by the department for reclaiming the proposed wharf construction site. Hence the contractors were well aware that the reclamation work was already arranged and in a competitive tender the contractors quoted their rates, anticipating that the wharf construction would be on reclaimed area and not an underwater construction. On scrutiny of the other tenders accepted during that period it could be understood that the lowest rate received for the work was less than that of land-based constructions.

Considering the above points, it can be presumed that the contractors who participated in the tender for the said work had quoted their rates for carrying out the work on the reclaimed land only.

Later as the reclamation work could not be arranged as a separate work, the ring bunds and reclamations were done through the contractor of wharf as extra items. The work was entrusted to the contractor of wharf, as it was essential to do the work and was not envisaged in the original schedule for the work as per original agreement and on the best interest to complete the work in time. Even if the work was arranged separately, the department had to pay for the work of ring bund and reclamation. Hence, the payments made for the extra items could not be considered as undue financial aid to the contractor.

In these circumstances Government had taken all steps for timely completion of the work and no undue financial aid was granted to the contractor on account of this work.

Recommendation

(Sl. No.9, Para No.31)

2.7 The Committee observes that the functioning of the Kerala State Co-operative Federation for Fisheries Development Limited (Matsyafed) formed for all round development of fisheries sector depicts a dismal picture as it is not functioning in the right direction as intended at the time of its formation. Non-utilisation/ misutilisation of funds received from Government and Government Agencies, large scale diversion of money earmarked for the implementation of specific schemes etc. are the common features of Matsyafed.

Action Taken

2.8 Matsyafed has not misutilised any fund sanctioned under various schemes/ projects implemented over the years. In certain cases they were forced to utilise the fund for some purposes, deviating from the original approved pattern, which were felt more beneficial to the fisherfolk and felt as the need of the hour, particularly based on the specific demand from the sector. For this, the Federation used to send request for formal approval from the concerned authorities. All these things happened only due to the innovations introduced in the sector for the betterment of target groups.

Recommendation

(Sl. No.11, Para No.33)

2.9 The Committee observes that it is high time the Department took steps for utilizing the funds received for the purpose for which it is provided, strictly following the rules and procedures set down for the utilisation of money from public Exchequer.

Action Taken

2.10 Strict instructions has already been given to concerned officers for utilising the funds released for the purpose for which it is provided.

Copy of the instruction enclosed (copy of the U.O. Note No.E2/18052/07 dated 12-11-2007 of Director of Fisheries) Annexure IV.

Further recommendation

2.11 The Committee observed that the reply furnished by the department was to delude and misguide the Committee and strongly criticized the department for not furnishing the actual measures taken in this matter.

The Committee enquired whether the Circular instructions are complied with or not and insisted that furnishing action taken statements the follow up action based on the Circulars issued should also be mentioned.

Action Taken

2.12 The funds for various schemes allocated to Matsyafed are released to the beneficiaries through the Primary Co-operative societies. The Fishery Development Officers and Senior Co-operative Inspectors of the department are entrusted with the duty of inspecting the records and ensure that the benefits of the scheme are actually received by the beneficiaries itself. Further, recommendation for release of funds to Matsyafed are made only after obtaining the Utilisation Certificate of previously sanctioned funds in the prescribed form. Over and above this, the concurrent Audit Team headed by the Assistant Registrar of Co-operative Department also conducts detailed statutory audit of all transaction of Matsyafed.

Recommendation

(Sl. No.12, Para No.34)

2.13 The Committee requires the department to provide a report on whether the scheme for starting cold chain projects for developing infrastructure facilities in selected fishing villages / markets has achieved its objective. The Committee desires to be informed whether the unspent balance amount of Rs.1.66 crores retained by Matsyafed has been refunded.

Action Taken

2.14 Under the Cold Chain Scheme a 50:50 Centrally Sponsored Scheme, Matsyafed has received a total amount of Rs.481.90 lakhs (Rs.295 lakhs from Government of India and Rs.186.90 lakhs from Government of Kerala). With this amount Matsyafed has renovated the following units to bring about infrastructure facilities in the coastal villages.

1. Matsyafed Ice &Freezing Plant, Kochi.
2. Matsyafed Ice Plant, Thanur.
3. Matsyafed Ice Plant, Koilandy.
4. Matsyafed Ice Plant, Thalai.
5. Matsyafed Ice Plant, Kasaba.

Matsyafed Ice & Freezing Plant became a full fledged unit to process fish and fishery products with a cold storage capacity of 600 tons and a freezing capacity of 27.5 tons per day. The plant is equipped with 2 blast freezers, one plate freezer and one IQF freezer. It has also installed a flake ice unit of about 15 tons capacity which is used for the in house processing. The plant started processing of fish and fishery products and export is also stated to various countries on very large scale. The MIFP has been continuously earning working profits for the last 5 or 6 years. During the year 2011-12, the MIFP has achieved a working profit of Rs.110 lakhs for 9 months from April 11 to December 2011.

Matsyafed has renovated 4 Ice Plants which are transferred from Fisheries Department to Matsyafed. All the four Ice Plants are operated by the nearby the fishermen members co-operative societies, so that the benefit could be availed by the fishermen.

The unspent balance of Rs.166 lakhs as stated in the report is subsequently utilised for the very same purpose. From the above it can be seen that the amount is used exclusively for the purpose for which is allotted.

The Managing Director, Matsyafed has reported that the very object of the project can be fulfilled only through forward linkage to relating units and hence the balance amount of Rs.17.94 lakh was utilized for the following purposes.

(i)	Vehicle for mobile mart	–	Rs. 7,65,395
(ii)	Capital expenditure for EU approval	–	Rs. 5,54,254
(iii)	Construction of Fish Mart.	–	Rs. 4,78,768
Total		–	Rs.17,98,417

The Managing Director, Matsyafed has requested to exempt them from refund of the amount as the entire amount has been utilized for the same purpose. The request may be accepted.

Recommendation

(Sl. No.14, Para No.36)

2.15 The Committee requires the department to inform about the present position regarding the functioning of two prawn hatcheries at Kollam and Kannur under Matsyafed.

Action Taken

2.16 The Matsyafed prawn hatchery, Moplabay, Kannur is the first commercial hatchery established in the state with the technical collaboration of the Central Marine Fisheries Research Institute, Cochin and the Marine Products Export Development Authority during 1988-89, for the production of 80 lakhs of post larvae of white prawn *Penaeus-indicus*. As soon as the hatchery was commissioned in 1989, the scenario of the culture of *Indicus* prawn was shifted to tiger prawn and the system was therefore modified to suit the production of tiger prawn seeds at a cost of Rs.35 lakhs for the production of 300 lakhs seeds/annum of tiger prawn, P. Monodon. Till 1994-95, the hatchery has produced tiger prawn

seeds and sold not only to the farmers of Kerala but also to neighbouring states. Onset of the fatal white spot syndrome virus disease (WSSV) in Kerala during 1995-96 had a devastating effect on prawn culture activities. This had affected the production of the Hatchery and is still continuing. No proper control for the diseases is so far reported from any corner of the country. However by producing high quality seeds to cater to the needs of the farmers who are continuing the culture with good management practices can save the culture activities to a certain extent.

The seed production of the river prawn, *Macrobrachium rosenbergi* has started from 1999 onwards as a part of its diversification. The prawn farmers of the Malabar region has virtually stopped the Brackish water prawn culture as a result of the unchecked WSSV disease. However by supplying seeds to the farmers who are undertaking culture operations and also considering the quality of seeds, the hatchery has started generating marginal profits. Now the hatchery is capable of producing both penaeids and palaemonid prawns and the production is restricted to demand only. This is the main reason for low production in the hatcheries.

A research scheme in penaeid prawns funded by the Department of Science and Technology is fast progressing. Encouraging results were obtained. Steps have been taken for operating the hatchery successfully and profitably. Considering the necessity of diversification for achieving maximum productivity, steps have been taken for the seed production of ornamental fishes. The tourist importance of the place is high and to exploit the chances an Aqua Park is also proposed for Moplabay Hatchery. In addition to this a Mud crab hatchery is also proposed with the technical collaboration of the Rajeev Gandhi Centre of the Marine Products Export Development Authority. The product wise details of the Hatchery is as follows.

Kannur	2006-07	2007-08
Quantity produced	130.9 lakh seed	130.93 lakh seed
Value	Rs.18.71 lakhs	Rs.23.94 lakhs
Net Profit	-(1.52)	1.36

Matsyafed Prawn Hatchery, Thirumullavaram - Kollam

The second hatchery established and commissioned by Matsyafed utilizing temporary facilities is unique among the history of hatcheries for commissioning within 42 days from the date of land documentation. The hatchery was functionally commissioned in 2000 with full-fledged facilities. Since then *P.monodon* is the major species of production and has been running profitably through the production of the river prawn *Macrobrachium rosenbergi* and Tiger Prawn. The main market of the seeds are Andhra Pradesh, West Bengal and Uttar Pradesh. Proximity to the Trivandrum International Airport support constant production and supply of seed and constant profit. The hatchery has a production capacity of 300 lakhs of PL 20 per annum and established at a cost of 93 lakhs. The tidal waves of the tsunami have damaged the hatchery structures and the estimated loss was to the tune of Rs.43.19 lakhs which has affected the production during 2004-05. The hatchery is suitable for the seed production of all desired species having commercial importance.

The production-wise details of the hatchery is a follows;

Kollam	2006-07	2007-08
Quantity of seed produced	190.18 lakh seeds	173.08 lakh seeds
Value	Rs.50.77 lakh	56.30 lakh
Net Profit	14.03	19.18

Recommendation

(Sl. No.15, Para No.37)

2.17 The Committee points out that Matsyafed could construct only 3400 houses utilizing Rs.51 lakh against the target of 10,000 houses to be completed under the HUDCO aided subsidized housing scheme. The decision to construct toilets for fishermen using the unspent balance of Rs.89 lakh is a move towards the Welfare of the fishermen community. The Committee points out that 50,000

houses had been proposed for families affected by Tsunami. But affected families actually come about only 6000 in number. The Committee therefore recommends to allot the surplus house to the poor fishermen families after identifying the needy through Matsyafed. The Committee also suggests to combine the Tsunami Housing Scheme with other on going housing schemes for the fishermen community so that they could derive maximum benefit from it.

Action Taken

2.18 Vide G.O.(MS) No.29/93/F&PD dated 13/10/1993, Government have accorded sanction for the construction of 10000 houses under Rajiv Gandhi One Million Housing Scheme (ROMHS) for the fishermen of Kerala to be completed with 5 years and was entrusted with the task of implementation to scheme. The unit cost of the housed constructed under this scheme was Rs.15,000 (HUDCO) loan Rs.12,500 Government subsidy Rs.1,500 and beneficiary contribution Rs.1,000.

Accordingly Matsyafed took up the implementation of construction of 1,400 houses under ROHMS Phase IV Group I in May 1994 and another 2000 houses under ROHMS Phase IV Group II during 1995-96.

The details of this funds received from Government are follows:

Head of Account	Budget Provision Year	Amount received (Rs in lakh)	Amount utilized (in total) Rs in lakhs	Balance with Matsyafed (Rs in lakh)
2405-800-96	1993-94	50	51	89
2405-800-96	1994-94	30		
2405-800-96	1995-96	30		
2405-800-96	1996-97	30		

Due to enormous escalation in the cost of construction, the response of the fishermen was very poor towards this scheme as the unit cost was only Rs.15,000. Considering the situation Government increased the unit cost of Economically Weaker Section (EWS) Housing Scheme to Rs.26,000 from Rs.15,000 and also increased the subsidy component to Rs.9,000 from Rs.1,500 vide G.O. (MS) No.46/95/Housing Department dated 6-7-1995 stating that all the last instalment assistance on 6-7-1995 are eligible to get the subsidy amount at the increased rate of Rs.9,000 As Housing Scheme came under this category, they have requested for sanction to extend the benefit of hike in subsidy rate. Accordingly, of the 3400 houses taken up, 2400 beneficiaries of Matsyafed were eligible to get subsidy amount at the enhanced rate, which had not received the last instalment as on 6-7-1995. But so far they have not received any additional amount of sanction from Govt to pass on the benefit of increased subsidy to this 2400 beneficiaries. As such Matsyafed could not utilize the balance amount of Rs.89 lakhs for want of sanction from Government to enhance the subsidy amount. At this point of time the implementation of Housing Scheme was transferred to local bodies ie. From 1997-98 onwards. Therefore Matsyafed could not take up any further construction of houses. The balance subsidy amount of Rs.89 lakhs have been deposited in Treasury Saving Account No.743 with district Treasury, Trivandrum.

Vide G.O.(Rt) No.382/07/F&PD dated 18-6-2007, Government have directed Matsyafed to remit the amount of Rs.86.50 lakhs after deducting Rs. 2.50 lakhs from Rs.89 lakh, being the amount spent by Matsyafed from construction of houses in connection with rehabilitation programme of Vizhinjam harbour. Based on this direction, the amount of Rs.86.50 lakh was refunded and the same was deposited in the TSB Account No.14140 of Director of Fisheries on 20/11/2007.

In the meeting held on 23-11-2005 in the Chamber of Hon'ble Minister for Fisheries, it was decided that the unutilised amount of Rs.89 lakh available with Matsyafed will be refunded to Fisheries Department for payment of spill over claims under housing scheme implemented by the Department. Accordingly, request was submitted in letter No.F3/2482/04 dated 21-2-2007 for issuing necessary direction in the Matsyafed to deposit the balance amount in TP of

Director of Fisheries. As Fisheries Director was not operating any TP account at that time, permission was sought in letter No.F3/2482/04 dated 12/03/2007 for opening a new account for depositing the amount refunded by Matsyafed. In G.O. (Rt) No.382/07/F&PD dated 12-6-2007, sanction was accorded to deposit the amount in TP account. As TP account of Director of Fisheries was not in operation, the amount was deposited in TSB account. This amount was subsequently utilised for reconstruction/renovation of fishermen houses and for providing sanitation facilities.

(a) Rs.27.6 lakh was allotted to Deputy Director of Fisheries, Thiruvananthapuram for reconstruction of 74 fishermen houses in Poonthura new colony vide G.O.(Rt) No.173/08/F&PD dated 15-3-2008.

(b) Rs.17.80 lakh was sanctioned for the renovation of 89 fishermen houses and providing sanitation facilities in the Districts of South Zone vide G.O.(Rt) No.190/08/F&PD dated 18-3-2008.

(c) Rs.21.00 lakh was sanctioned for the renovation of fishermen houses and providing sanitation facilities in the Districts of Central Zone vide G.O.(Rt) No.204/08/F&PD dated 25-3-2005.

(d) Rs.21.60 lakh was sanctioned for the renovation of fishermen houses and providing sanitation facilities in the Districts of North Zone.

Recommendation

(Sl. No.16, Para No.38)

2.19 The Committee desires to be informed whether Matsyafed is still under agreement with the foreign firm for supplying outboard engines.

Action Taken

2.20 There is no agreement at present with the foreign firm for the supply of out Board Motors. Matsyafed is importing OBMs directly from M/s Suzuki Motor Corporation, Japan through Letter of Credit based on their proforma invoice.

Recommendation

(Sl. No.17, Para No.39)

2.21 The Committee requires the department to inform about the actual amount which the department could collect from the fishermen, towards the premia for personal accident insurance scheme and also whether the National Insurance Company has refunded the excess premium remitted by Matsyafed.

Action Taken

2.22 Matsyafed Group personal Accidental Insurance scheme was started in the year 1995. From the financial year 1995-96 to 2001-02 the scheme was implemented with National Insurance Company Ltd. The total premium remitted by Matsyafed for the members of primary societies from 1995-96 to 2001-02 was Rs. 110.618 lakh and could collect only Rs.63.134 lakh. Matsyafed remitted the amount every year in advance for covering the members in time. The balance amount due from fishermen was Rs.47.482 lakh. Even after conducting repeated collection drives and series of campaigns in the field, Matsyafed could not collect the arrears from the fishermen. The insurance company has not refunded the advance paid as they have covered all the members during their tenure. The practice of making advance payment of premium to Insurance Company has been dispensed with and since 2001-02 Matsyafed conduct a campaign during February - March for enrolment. The premium amount is remitted to insurance company before 31st March and Insurance is effected from 1st April only to those fishermen thus enrolled.

Recommendation

(Sl. No. 19, Para No.42)

2.23 The Committee desires to know whether the balance quantity of the dredged soil (in Vizhinjam Harbour Project) has been sold. The Committee directs the department to fix responsibility and to take action against officers who are involved in the selling of sand and bringing about loss to Government.

Action Taken

2.24 Tenders were invited for removing 60000 m3 sand from the dredging area on 3-4-1999 fixing last date of receipt 28/04/99. Two tenders were received with quoted rate of 50Ps/M3 and 53Ps/M3. When re-tendered the highest tenders

quoted Rs.12/m³ and produced EMD of Rs.1,500 against the required EMD of 18000 along with the tender. So the next higher tender was enquired whether it was willing to do the work at Rs.12/m³. But he was not willing to accept the condition, and hence the other tender was submitted to Government for sanction. The government rejected the tender stating that the sand was to be used for the construction of Fishery roads in Thiruvananthapuram District which required huge quantity of filling. At this time there were no fishery road works at Thiruvananthapuram under Harbour Engineering Department. Since the PWD had been contacted for the disposal of sand. But no requirement was reported from that file. By this time, Government had decided to partially commission the Fishery Harbour facilities at Vizhinjam after arranging dredging works there. The work of dredging was arranged as to reaches and the dredge materials dumped in the Department area for disposal. Hence open tenders were invited for removing 24,000 m³ of dredged sand dumped from the project area on 7-5-2003 fixing last date on 10-6-2003. The highest rate received was Rs.95/m³ and on negotiation it was agreed to remove the soil @ Rs.97/m³. Accordingly the tender remitted Rs.25,60,800 towards the cost of sand and Rs.55,165 towards interest on delayed payment. During the time of removal of sand from the dumping site the authorities of Muslim Jama-ath of nearby site obstructed and forced to stop the work demanding construction of house for the evicted persons and commencement of work of construction of Cargo Wharf. Hence no loss was sustained to Government.

Thiruvananthapuram,
16th March, 2022.

SUNNY JOSEPH,
Chairman,
Committee on Public Accounts.

Appendix

Summary of Main Conclusion/ Recommendation

Sl. No.	Para No.	Department Concerned	Conclusion/ Recommendation
1	13	Fisheries & Ports Department	The Committee recommends to conduct Vigilance enquiry on the fact that the boat went out of order after operating for only 800 hours.
2	16	Fisheries & Ports Department	The committee was dissatisfied with the vague reply. The committee views seriously the fact that the department had not taken any steps to fix responsibility against the erring officials.
3	19	Fisheries & Ports Department	<p>The committee noticed that the slackness on behalf of the department in effecting the loss sustained to Government was purposeful and strongly criticized the department for not taking civil proceedings against the accused and observed that this was to help the delinquent to evade the recovery process.</p> <p>The Committee recommends that the Department should initiate RR proceedings against the accused.</p>

4.	112	Fisheries & Ports Department	<p>The committee observed that the investigation process of Thangassery harbour was not done properly and so the work rate has to be enhanced as suggested by Hon'ble High Court. The Committee pointed out that lapse has occurred on the part of the department in handling this matter.</p>
5.	115	Fisheries & Ports Department	<p>The committee noticed that the department had not followed the procedure for disposing the dredged sand. The Committee viewed the disposing of sand at a rate far below the Government rate as a serious one and recommended to take stringent action against the persons concerned after fixing responsibility.</p> <p>The committee also revamped its earlier recommendation to fix a scheduled rate and to carry out auction through open tender so that the sale is fixed at higher rate.</p>
6.	118	Fisheries & Ports Department	<p>The committee recommended to conduct a study on the nonfunctioning of genuine societies under Matsyafed and that steps should be taken to restore defunct societies.</p>

7.	121	Fisheries & Ports Department	The committee decided to call for details of follow up action taken on the Government order mentioned in the reply.
8.	124	Fisheries & Ports Department	The Committee wanted to know whether the High Level Committee constituted for studying the functioning of Matsyafed had finalized its report. If so, the Committee directed to department to furnish it to the Committee.
9.	126	Fisheries & Ports Department	The Committee decided to examine the report of the High Level Committee constituted as per the recommendation of PAC on the functioning of Matsyafed in detail on a later date.

Annexure I&IV

നമ്പർ. ഇ2-18052/07.

ഫിഷറീസ് ഡയറക്ടററഫീസ്,
തിരുവനന്തപുരം,
തീയതി : 12/11/2007.

മു. ഒ. നോട്ട്

വിഷയം:- ഫിഷറീസ് - പബ്ലിക് അക്കൗണ്ടസ് കമ്മിറ്റി - (2006-08) -
27-ാമത് റിപ്പോർട്ട് ശുപാർശകളിന്മേൽ സ്വീകരിച്ച നടപടി
- സംബന്ധിച്ച്.

സ്വയം:- 2/11/07-ലെ 13176/സി2/07 മ.മു.വ. നമ്പർ സർക്കാർ
കത്ത്.

സൂചന പ്രകാരം ലഭിച്ച ശുപാർശകളുടെ പകർപ്പ് ഇതോടൊപ്പം
ഉള്ളടക്കം ചെയ്യുന്നു. അതിൻ പ്രകാരം പദ്ധതികൾക്ക് അനുവദിക്കപ്പെട്ട
തുക വകുമാറി ചെയ്യാവുന്നതിനുള്ള പ്രത്യേകം ശ്രദ്ധ പതിപ്പിക്കേണ്ടതും,
തുക അലോട്ട് ചെയ്യുമ്പോൾ ഹെഡ് ഓഫ് അക്കൗണ്ട് ശരിയാണെന്ന്
ഉറപ്പു വരുത്തേണ്ടതുമാണ്.

ഫിനാൻസ് ഓഫീസർ,
ഫിഷറീസ് ഡയറക്ടർക്കുവേണ്ടി.

[Handwritten initials]

സൂചന,
സി/ഇ 1/എഫ്3/ബി/എൻ സെക്ഷനുകൾ.
ബഹുമാനം-2/11/08

[Handwritten signature]
True Copy

GOVERNMENT OF KERALA
Directorate of Fisheries
Current Sees by

Fisheries & Ports Department - Emphasis on use for utilization of buildings of ice plants and cold storages under Fisheries Department - Approved by KITCO - Approved - Order issued

FISHERIES & PORTS DEPARTMENT

G.O.(R) No 282/09/F&PD Date: 25-3-2007

Read:- 1. GO (R) No 620/07/F&PD dated 20-9-2007
2. L.No. 364/322007 dated 24-1-2007, O.A. No. 2409 and 4-5-2007

ORDER

As per the GO read above Government has constituted a Committee for making a proposal with KITCO assistance for utilization of land and buildings of ice plants and cold storages under Fisheries Department.

2. As per the letter dated 24-1-2007, the Director of Fisheries has forwarded the proposal drawn by KITCO for undertaking the study on effective utilization of land and buildings of ice plants and cold storages of the Department at a consultancy fee of Rs. 15 Lakhs (Rupees Fifteen Lacs only) for approval.

3. Government has approved the proposal and has directed to approve the proposal drawn by Kerala Industrial and Technical Consultancy Organisation (KITCO) for undertaking a detailed study on effective utilization of land and buildings of 20 ice plants and cold storages under the Fisheries Department at a consultancy fee of Rs. 15 Lakhs (Rupees Fifteen Lacs only) plus service tax @ 12.36% of the fee.

4. The study will cover the condition of existing facilities and level of present activities of the installations, location, advantages and utilization options, recommended option for effective utilization, preliminary estimate and financial analysis and draft of a total management plan. Draft project report (two copies) will be submitted within a period of 3 months and five copies of final report presented within 10 days of receipt of comments on the draft report.

5. The expenditure will be met from the head of account 2405-10-100-07-34 (OC) (P).

By Order of the Governor,
K. Radhakrishnan
Additional Secretary to Government

To
The Director of Fisheries, Thiruvananthapuram
The Principal Accountant General (Audit), Kerala, Thiruvananthapuram
The Accountant General (A&E), Kerala, Thiruvananthapuram
Stock file/O/c

Copy to:- PS to Minister (Fisheries & Registration)
Disposal leading to G.O.(R) No 620/07/F&PD dated 20-9-2007

Approved/By Order

Sd/-
Section Officer

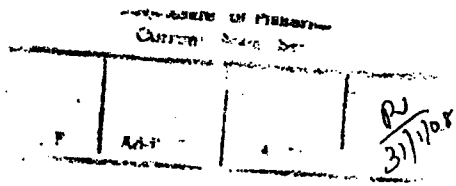
KITCO Ltd.

(Estd. in 1972 by DBI & Govt. Of Kerala)
shapes your goal

No. 4187 .PR-1:RB:2008
 January 29, 2007

Regd. Office : P.B. No. 1820, Ravipuram,
 M.G. Road, COCHIN 682 016, Kerala, India
 Tel : 91-484-2357437 / 2357699 / 2357478 (MD)
 Fax : 91-484-2357687
 E-mail : mail@kitco.in / kitco@vsnl.com
 Web Site : www.kitco.in

The Director of Fisheries,
 Directorate of Fisheries,
 Vikas Bhavan,
 Thiruvananthapuram-695 033.



Dear Sir,

Sub: Utilisation Plan for 20 Ice plants and associated land located all over Kerala.
Ref: Your letter No.N3/12322/07 dated 03.12.2007.

We are happy to receive your enquiry for preparation of report on effective utilisation of 20 Ice plants and associated land coming under the Fisheries Department. We are submitting our offer for the subject work as follows.

SCOPE OF WORK

The scope of work will cover study of the following.

1. Condition of existing facilities and level of present activities.
2. Locational advantages and utilization options.
3. Recommended option for effective utilization.
4. Preliminary estimates and pre-financial analysis.
5. Total management plan.

Note: The scope does not include physical survey of land available with the Fisheries Department at the 20 sites under consideration since the extent and topography of land varies from site to site. However, this can be carried out at extra cost at actuals.

Details like land records, site plan, building plans and other relevant data required for the study of each site are to be provided by the Fisheries Department.

W:\a\del\del\KITCO-162008PR-1\del\Land Utilization_Fisheries.docx



Branch Offices:
 Trivandrum - Sheji Mahal, Bhakthivilas Road, Vazhuthacaud, Trivandrum-695 014. Phone/Fax :0471-2328956
 Calicut - 'Vrindavan', Room No.34, East Nadakavu, Calicut 673 006. Phone/Fax : 0495-2361786

TIME REQUIREMENT

The study will be completed and draft project report submitted within a period of 3 months. The report will be finalised within 10 days of receipt of your comments on the draft report.

SUBMISSIONS

The draft report will be submitted in 2 copies and the final report in 5 copies.

CONSULTANCY FEES

Our fee for preparation of the project report for the 20 sites as per the scope of work specified above will be Rs.15 lakh. Service tax at the applicable rate for consultancy services, which is presently 12.36%, shall be paid extra.

TERMS OF PAYMENT

1. 50% of the fees may be paid as advance along with the Work Order.
2. 40% on submission of the draft report.
3. Balance 10% on submission of the final report.

VALIDITY OF THE OFFER

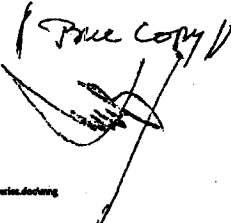
Our offer will be valid for acceptance for a period of one month.

We believe our offer will be acceptable to you. If you need any clarification on the above, we will be happy to furnish the same.

Awaiting a favourable decision from your side and thanking you,

Yours faithfully,


Cyriac Davies,
General Manager.

(True Copy)


Annexure II

GOVERNMENT OF KERALA
Abstract

Fisheries and Ports Department- Study on streamlining the functions of Matsyafed - Committee constituted - Orders issued.

FISHERIES & PORTS (B) DEPARTMENT

GO(Rt)No.242/10/F&PD

Dated, Thiruvananthapuram, 25-3-2010

Read: Letters No.F3/19748/07 dated 4-2-09 and 17-3-09 from the Director of Fisheries, Thiruvananthapuram.

ORDER

The Public Accounts Committee (PAC)- 2006-07 of the Kerala Legislature in its 27th Report at para 40 has directed to constitute a committee for conducting an indepth study on Matsyafed and to submit its report to the Committee within 3 months so as to bring about a qualitative change in the functioning of that body. As per the letter read above the Director of Fisheries has furnished a proposal for constituting a high level committee to conduct a deep study on the functions and affairs of Matsyafed based on the recommendations in the above PAC report.

2. Government have examined the matter in detail and are pleased to constitute a committee with the following members for conducting an indepth study on the functioning of Matsyafed.

- | | |
|---|------------|
| 1. Shri.M.M. Monayee, MLA | : Chairman |
| 2. Dr.Martin , Department of Economics,
Maharajas College, Ernakulam | : Member |
| 3. A representative from Finance Department | : Member |
| 4. Additional Secretary to Government (Fisheries)
Fisheries & Ports Department | : Member |
| 5. Deputy Registrar, Fisheries Department,
Directorate of Fisheries | : Convener |

3 The terms of reference of the Committee shall be as follows:

- i. To streamline the functions and affairs of the Matsyafed under a professional outlook and also to conform with the Kerala Co-operative Societies Act & Rules and also assuring prudence and discipline in the finance management.
 - ii. To offer suggestions for the qualitative improvement in the management and accounting systems of the primary co-operative societies.
 - iii. Review of the department level mechanism in supervising the Fisheries Co-operative Societies and the Fisheries Co-operative sector in general.
4. The Committee shall submit its report within 3 months to the Committee on Public Accounts of the Kerala Legislature under intimation to Government.

5. The Managing Director, Matsyafed will arrange for all facilities required for functioning of the Committee.

By Order of the Governor,
K.Radhakrishnan,
Additional Secretary to Govt.

To

Shri. M.M.Monayee, MLA (with C/L)
The Hon'ble Chairman, Committee on Public Accounts,
Kerala Legislature Secretariat, Thiruvananthapuram -33 (with C/L)
The Private Secretary to the Hon'ble Speaker,
Kerala Legislature Secretariat, Thiruvananthapuram -33 (with C/L)
The Secretary, Kerala Legislature,
Kerala Legislature Secretariat, Thiruvananthapuram-33
The Director of Fisheries, Thiruvananthapuram.
The Managing Director, Matsyafed, Thiruvananthapuram
Dr.Martin, Department of Economics, Maharajas College, Ernakulam
Finance Department (That Department is requested to nominate a competent resourceful officer as Member in the Committee)
The Additional Secretary to Government (Fisheries), Fisheries & Ports Department
The Deputy Registrar, Fisheries Department, Directorate of Fisheries, Tvm-33
The Principal Accountant General (Audit), Kerala, Thiruvananthapuram
The Accountant General (A/E), Thiruvananthapuram
Stock file/Office copy

Copy to: The PS to Minister (F&R)
The PA to Secretary (Fisheries)
The PA to Additional Secretary (Fisheries)

Forwarded/By Order

[Handwritten Signature]
Section Officer

4. ഈ ശുപാർശകൾ നടപ്പാക്കുന്നതു സംബന്ധിച്ചു മുദ്രമുദ്രിതമാക്കി ഫീൽഡിംഗ് ഡയറക്ടർ കൈക്കൊള്ളുന്നതായിരിക്കട്ടെ.

തമ്പിത്തറയിലെ ഉത്തരവിൻ പ്രകാരം,
കെ.കെ.എസ്.എസ്.എസ്.,
അഡീഷണൽ സെക്രട്ടറി

- ഗ്രിൻഹൗസ്. മോണിറ്റിംഗ് റൂം (ആര്യം കൺ സെക്ഷൻ)
- ✓ കോർപ്പറേഷൻ മറ്റ് അംഗങ്ങൾ (ഫീൽഡിംഗ് ഡയറക്ടർ ഓഫീസിൽ മുദ്രമുദ്രിതമാക്കി)
- ഫീൽഡിംഗ് ഡയറക്ടർ, തിരുവനന്തപുരം-33
- മോണിറ്റിംഗ് ഡയറക്ടർ, മനുഷ്യകാര്യം, തിരുവനന്തപുരം-9
- ഫീൽഡിംഗ് ഡയറക്ടർ ഓഫീസിൽ, ഫീൽഡിംഗ് ഡയറക്ടർ, തിരുവനന്തപുരം-33
- സംസ്ഥാന സർക്കാർ ഓഫീസിൽ, തിരുവനന്തപുരം-1
- പ്രിൻസിപ്പൽ അക്കൗണ്ടന്റ് ജനറൽ (ആഡിറ്റ്) കോളം, തിരുവനന്തപുരം-39
- അക്കൗണ്ടന്റ് ജനറൽ. (എ) ആന്റ് ഇ) കോളം, തിരുവനന്തപുരം-39
- പുസ്തകം ഡയറക്ടർ, മനുഷ്യ കാര്യം.

പകർപ്പ്: ഫീൽഡിംഗ് ഓഫീസിലേക്കും വകുപ്പു മന്ത്രിയുടെ കാമറയിൽ സെക്രട്ടറിയുടെ സെക്രട്ടറിയുടെ ഓഫീസിൽ

ഉത്തരവിൻ പ്രകാരം

Dr. J. K. S. S. S.

സെക്ഷൻ ഓഫീസർ.

അനുബന്ധം

2002-ലെ (നമ്പർ 1) തീരുമാനത്തിന്റെ (നമ്പർ) 226/2011/മത്സ്യവ നബർ സർക്കാർ ഉത്തരവിന്റെ അനുബന്ധം

ശ്രീ.എം.എം.മോനായി കുഞ്ചിറ്റിയുടെ ശുപാർശകൾ

ഇവയെല്ലാം മറ്റു കൃഷി വിഭാഗങ്ങൾ 15 വയസുള്ള കാലയളവിൽ വിപണിയിൽ വെച്ചു സഹകരണ വകുപ്പ്, മത്സ്യവകുപ്പ്, പ്രാഥമിക സംഘങ്ങൾ, ഉദ്യോഗസ്ഥർ, മേന്മ യൂണിയനുകൾ, ബഹുജന വർഗ്ഗ സംഘടനകൾ, സാമൂഹ്യപ്രവർത്തകർ, ബാങ്ക് പ്രതിനിധികൾ എന്നിവരുമായി കമ്മീഷൻ നടത്തിയ ചർച്ചകളുടെയും പരിശോധനകളുടെയും അടിസ്ഥാനത്തിൽ ഈ മേഖലയിലെ പ്രശ്നങ്ങളെ ആഴത്തിൽ മനസ്സിലാക്കാനും വിശകലനം ചെയ്യാനും സാധിച്ചു. കമ്മീഷനെ ഏൽപ്പിച്ച ഭൗതികത്തിന്റെ അടിസ്ഥാനത്തിൽ കണ്ടെത്തിയ പ്രശ്നങ്ങളെ ഉപരിയായ രീതിയിൽ താഴെ കൊടുക്കുന്നു. പ്രശ്നങ്ങളെ കമ്മീഷൻ വിശകലനം ചെയ്തതിന്റെ അടിസ്ഥാനത്തിൽ മത്സ്യവകുപ്പിന്റെ പ്രൊഫഷണൽ വിഭാഗം മെച്ചപ്പെടുത്തുകയെന്ന ലക്ഷ്യം മുൻനിർത്തി ഏൽപ്പിച്ചിട്ടുള്ള ശുപാർശകളും പ്രശ്നത്തിന്റെ ചുവടുപിടി പ്രത്യേകം ചേർത്തിരിക്കുന്നു.

ഈ മേഖലയിലെ ഏറ്റവും പ്രധാനപ്പെട്ട വിഭാഗം പ്രാഥമിക സഹകരണ സംഘങ്ങൾ അതിലെ ജീവനക്കാർ എന്ന നിലയിൽ, ഇവയുമായ ബന്ധപ്പെട്ട പ്രശ്നങ്ങളും ശുപാർശകളും മത്സ്യം കൊടുത്തിരിക്കുന്നു. മൂടൻ മത്സ്യവകുപ്പ്, സഹകരണ വിഭാഗത്തിന്റെ, മത്സ്യവകുപ്പ് എന്നിവയെക്കുറിച്ചും പ്രശ്നങ്ങളും ശുപാർശകളും ഉൾക്കൊള്ളിച്ചിരിക്കുന്നു.

പ്രാഥമിക സഹകരണസംഘങ്ങൾ

മത്സ്യമത്സരങ്ങളിലെ കൈവരിക്കുന്ന സഹകരണസംഘങ്ങളുടെ പ്രവർത്തനങ്ങൾ വിശകലനം ചെയ്യാനും ഇവയുടെ പ്രവർത്തനത്തിൽ ഉദ്ദേശ്യകാര്യങ്ങൾ ഏൽപ്പിക്കാൻ ബഹുജനം പോകേണ്ടതുണ്ട്. പ്രാഥമിക സംഘങ്ങളുടെ പ്രശ്നങ്ങളും അടിസ്ഥാനമായി കൈകൊള്ളേണ്ട നടപടികളാണ് ഈ മേഖൽ ചർച്ച ചെയ്യുന്നത്.

ശുപാർശ: മെ മത്സ്യ ഗ്രാമങ്ങളിൽ മെ പ്രാഥമിക സംഘം

മെയിൽ സംഘം രൂപീകരിക്കുമ്പോൾ മെ മത്സ്യ ഗ്രാമങ്ങളിൽ മെ സംഘം എന്നനിലയിൽ നിർമ്മിക്കാനായി കമ്മീഷൻ ശുപാർശ ചെയ്യുന്നു. മത്സ്യ ഗ്രാമങ്ങളിൽ മെയിൽ കൂടുതൽ സംഘങ്ങൾ ഉണ്ടാകാൻ അവ പൊതുയോഗം വിളിച്ച് യോഗത്തിലെ സമന്വയം തീരുമാനപ്രകാരം മെ മത്സ്യ ഗ്രാമങ്ങളിൽ മെ മത്സ്യ മത്സരങ്ങളിൽ കൈവരിക്കുന്ന സഹകരണ സംഘം എന്ന നിലയിൽ നിർമ്മിക്കേണ്ടതാണ്. ഏതെങ്കിലും സംഘം സംയോജനത്തിന് മറ്റൊരളെങ്കിൽ നിർമ്മിക്കുന്ന സ്ഥിതി തുടരുന്നതാണ്. ഈ രൂപീകരണത്തിന് നിയമപരിധിയിൽ പ്രത്യേകം പരിശോധിക്കേണ്ടതുണ്ട്.

2. ശുപാർശ: മേഖലകമ്മീഷൻ ഏകീകരണം

പ്രാഥമിക വ്യവസ്ഥാവിധിയിലെ മേഖലകമ്മീഷൻ മേഖലയിൽ അഞ്ച് ശതമാനമായി നിർമ്മിക്കുന്നു. മെ ശതമാനം സംഘത്തിനും, മെ ശതമാനം മേഖലകമ്മീഷൻ ചുമതലപ്പെടുത്തുന്ന നായ്ക്കിനും, മെ ശതമാനം മത്സ്യവകുപ്പിനും മെ ശതമാനം മത്സ്യമത്സരങ്ങളിലേക്കായി ഏകീകൃത സമാവേശത്തിൽ മേഖലകമ്മീഷൻ വിഹിതം ചെലവഴിക്കണമെന്ന് ശുപാർശ ചെയ്യുന്നു. മത്സ്യവകുപ്പിന്റെ മേഖലകമ്മീഷൻ വിഹിതം മെ ശതമാനത്തിൽ കുറയാതെ മെ വർഷത്തിൽ ഉത്സവ കാലയളവിൽ മേഖലകമ്മീഷൻ മോണിറ്ററിംഗ് ചെയ്യേണ്ടതാണ്.

2. ശുപാർശ : ഇന്റേണൽ ഓഡിറ്റിംഗ്

സംവത്സരിന്റെ വാർഷിക പൊതുയോഗം പേർസ് ഓറററ വർഷവും ഭരണ സമിതിയിൽപ്പെടുത്തണമെന്നും അതിനുള്ള ഉൾപ്പെടുത്തി മൂന്ന് അംഗങ്ങളിൽ കൂടാതെ ഓഡിറ്റി സമിതിയെ തിരഞ്ഞെടുക്കേണ്ടതാണ്. സംവത്സരിക വർഷം അവസാനിച്ചു ആറ് മാസത്തിനകം ഓഡിറ്റി സമിതി സംഘം കണക്കുകൾ പരിശോധിച്ചു പൊതുയോഗം മുമ്പാകെ ഓഡിറ്റി റിപ്പോർട്ട് സമർപ്പിക്കണം. പണ്ട് വർഷത്തിലേറെയായി പല സംവത്സരങ്ങളിലും കണക്കുകൾ യഥാർത്ഥ പരിശോധനയ്ക്കും വിധേയമാകുന്നില്ല എന്നതുകൊണ്ടാണ് ഈ അനുകീത ഓഡിറ്റിംഗ് ശുപാർശ ചെയ്യുന്നത്. ഇതിനു പുറമെ സഹകരണ നിയമപ്രകാരമുള്ള ഡിപ്പാർട്ട്മെന്റ് ഓഡിറ്റിംഗും ആടേണ്ടതാണ്.

4. ശുപാർശ: സംവത്സരങ്ങളുടെ അക്കൗണ്ടിംഗിനായി സെംഗ്റ്റേയർ വികസിപ്പിക്കുക.

വിദഗ്ദ്ധ സേവനം വിനിയോഗിച്ച് അഡ്വൈസറിയുടെ സംവത്സരക്കാര്യങ്ങൾ അന്വേഷിക്കുന്നതിനുള്ള കമ്പ്യൂട്ടർ സെംഗ്റ്റേയർ ഫോക്കൽ മെമ്പർമാരെ ഏകീകൃത അക്കൗണ്ടിംഗ് രീതി സംസ്ഥാനത്തുടനീളമുള്ള സംവത്സരങ്ങളിൽ ഒരു ഫ്രാൻസിസ് നെയ്തിൽ നടപ്പിലാക്കേണ്ടതാണ്. ഇത് ഉത്തരവിലൂടെ അഡ്വൈസർ ഓഫീസർ, അഡ്വൈസർ ഓഫീസർ എന്നിവർ വിശദമായ പരിശോധന നടത്തി സംഘം ജീവനക്കൾക്ക് ഉപയോഗങ്ങളും നിർദ്ദേശങ്ങളും യഥാസമയങ്ങളിൽ നൽകണം. അഡ്വൈസർ ഓഫീസർക്കായി അഡ്വൈസറിയോട് കൂടെ വികസന സഹകരണ സംഘങ്ങൾ പരിശോധിക്കുന്നതിന് അഡ്വൈസർ ഓഫീസർ, അന്വേഷണം.

5. ശുപാർശ : സംഘം ജീവനക്കൾക്ക് പ്രത്യേക പരിശീലനം

സംഘം ജീവനക്കൾക്ക് വർഷത്തിൽ മൂന്ന് ദിവസം കൗൺസിലിംഗ് - റെഗുലേഷൻ എന്നിവ വികസിപ്പിക്കുന്നതിന് National Institute for Fisheries Administration and Resource Management (NIFARM)ന്റെ സഹായത്തോടെ പ്രത്യേക പരിശീലനം നൽകണം. സഹകരണ ആശയങ്ങൾ ഹൈലേവലിൽ പ്രയോഗിക്കുന്നതിന് സഹകരണ മേഖലയ്ക്കുള്ള സംസ്ഥാനിക് അംഗങ്ങൾ, ജീവനക്കൾ, ഭരണസമിതി അംഗങ്ങൾ എന്നിവർക്കുവേണ്ടിയായ പരിശീലനവും നൽകണം.

6. ശുപാർശ : മേഖലകളെയെ തിരഞ്ഞെടുക്കുന്നതും കൃഷിയിലെ പിടിക്കുന്നതും

ഭരിയായ മേഖല നൽകി മേഖലകളുടെ വ്യക്തമായ കടൽ മൂലമെ മേഖല മേഖലകളെ സംഘം നിയമിക്കാൻ, വിപണനത്തിനുശേഷം മൂന്നു ദിവസത്തിനുള്ളിൽ കൃഷിയിലെ മേഖലകളെ നടപടികൾ സംഘം റെക്കർഡ് ചെയ്യണം.

7. ശുപാർശ : പൊതു പരിസരം നൽകുക.

തിരഞ്ഞെടുക്കുന്ന പൊതുയോഗം മേഖലകളുള്ള സംഘം പൊതുയോഗം കൂടുതലായി പരസ്യം മേഖലകൾ, തന്റേറ്റ് അംഗങ്ങൾക്ക് വിട്ടുമാറ്റം ചെയ്യാൻ, സംവത്സരിന്റെ വ്യക്തമായ അതിർത്തിയിൽ മേഖലകൾ സ്ഥാപിക്കാനും പൊതുയോഗം വിട്ടുമാറ്റം കൂടുതലാണ്. സംവത്സരിക വർഷം അവസാനിച്ചു 11 മാസങ്ങൾക്കുള്ളിൽ പൊതുയോഗം പേർസ് കണക്കും റിപ്പോർട്ടും സമർപ്പിക്കേണ്ടതാണ്. പൊതുയോഗം വിട്ടുമാറ്റം ചെയ്യാതിരിക്കുന്നതിന് സംഘം ഭരണസമിതിയുടെ വിശ്വാസ്യത കണക്കാക്കി ഡിപ്പാർട്ട്മെന്റ് നടപടിയെടുക്കേണ്ടതാണ്.

14. ശുപാർശ : മെമ്പർമാർ അംഗങ്ങൾ അഥവാ നേതാക്കൾക്ക് അംഗം

സഹകരണ സംഘം മിസ്സ് ചെമ്പുന നമ്പ്യാടം സംഘങ്ങളിൽ അംഗങ്ങളായോ/നേതാക്കളായോ അംഗങ്ങളായോ ചേർക്കാനുവുന്നതാണ്.

15. ശുപാർശ : ഡീസൽ പമ്പുകൾ സ്ഥാപിക്കുക.

അസ്യഹെഡ് കൂട്ടത്തിൽ ഡീസൽ പമ്പുകൾ സ്ഥാപിക്കുകയും ഇന്ധന വിതരണം കാര്യക്ഷമമാക്കുകയും ചെയ്യുക. സംഘങ്ങളിലൂടെ അസ്യഹെഡിന്റെ നേതൃത്വത്തിൽ മെമ്പർമാർ അസ്യഹെഡിന് ലാഭികൾക്ക് വിതരണം ചെയ്യേണ്ടതാണ്. അസ്യഹെഡിന് ലാഭികൾക്ക് മെമ്പർമാർ വിതരണത്തിനുള്ള ഏജൻസിയായി അസ്യഹെഡിനെ നിയോഗിക്കേണ്ടതാണ്.

16. ശുപാർശ: പ്രത്യേക സമിതി

സേവന വേഗത വ്യവസ്ഥകൾ പരിഷ്കരിക്കുന്നതിന് പ്രത്യേക സമിതി രൂപീകരിക്കേണ്ടതാണ്. അതുവരെ മെമ്പർ സംഘങ്ങളിലും സംസ്ഥാനിക വരുമാനത്തിനുള്ള സമിതി രൂപീകരിക്കേണ്ടതാണ്. അതിന്റെ ആവശ്യങ്ങൾ സംബന്ധിച്ചു പുനർനിർദ്ദേശിക്കേണ്ടതാണ്.

17. ശുപാർശ : അസ്യഹെഡിന് വിഭാഗത്തിന് നിയമന പ്രാബല്യം

അസ്യഹെഡിന് പ്രാഥമിക സഹകരണ സംഘങ്ങളിലെ നിയമനങ്ങളിൽ അംഗമായ അസ്യഹെഡിന് വിഭാഗത്തിൽ അംഗങ്ങളെ കൂട്ടംബന്ധങ്ങൾക്കു മുൻഗണന നൽകണം.

അസ്യഹെഡ്

അസ്യഹെഡിന്റെ പ്രൊഫഷണലിസം ഇല്ലായ്മയാണ് PAC ചുമത്തിയിട്ടുള്ളത്. ഇതുവരെ ഇതുവരെ പ്രശ്നങ്ങളും ശുപാർശകളും ചുവടെ കൊടുക്കുന്നു.

18. ശുപാർശ: അസ്യഹെഡിന് പ്രവർത്തന സ്ഥാനം നൽകണം

അസ്യഹെഡിന് പ്രവർത്തന സ്ഥാനവും നൽകേണ്ടതാണ്. അനവശ്യമായ വകുപ്പിന്റെ ഇടപെടലുകൾ ഒഴിവാക്കേണ്ടതും വില്ലാജിമെന്റുകൾ നിന്ന് മരിക്കേണ്ടതായ അനുബന്ധങ്ങളുടെ കാര്യങ്ങൾ ഒഴിവാക്കേണ്ടതാണ്. അപേക്ഷകൾ സമർപ്പിച്ചു മെമ്പർമാർ അസ്യഹെഡിന്റെ അടുത്തുണ്ടായിരിക്കേണ്ടതാണ്.

19. ശുപാർശ: മെമ്പർമാർക്ക് തിരുത്തലുകൾ

2008 - 07 ലെ ആഡിറ്റ് ചെയ്ത കണക്കിനെ അടിസ്ഥാനമാക്കിയുള്ള സംരക്ഷണങ്ങൾ വിതരണമായാണ് ഈ ശുപാർശ. മെമ്പർമാർക്ക് അനുബന്ധമായി പദ്ധതി ഒഴിവാക്കി മെമ്പർമാർക്കും, പദ്ധതി വരുമാനവും ചേർന്നു വരുമാനത്തിന്റെ 80 ശതമാനത്തിൽ മെമ്പർമാർക്ക് ചെയ്ത അടുത്ത മെമ്പർമാർക്ക് നൽകേണ്ടതാണ്. മെമ്പർമാർക്ക് മെമ്പർമാർക്ക് ചെയ്ത 80 ശതമാനത്തിലധികം അതിനെ മെമ്പർമാർക്ക് ചെയ്ത 70 ശതമാനത്തിലധികം നൽകേണ്ടതാണ്.

20. ശ്യാപാർശ്വ : ഡെപ്യൂട്ടി-കമ്മീഷണർ നിർമ്മാണമാക്കുക.

തിരുവനന്തപുരം ജില്ലയിലെ ഡെപ്യൂട്ടി-കമ്മീഷണർ കമാൻഡർ അഡ്വക്കേറ്റ് ജനറൽ ജി.എ.എ.സി.യുടെ അധീനതയിൽ ഡെപ്യൂട്ടി-കമ്മീഷണർ സുവർണ്ണം നിർമ്മാണമാക്കുക. തിരുവനന്തപുരം ജില്ലയിലെ ഡെപ്യൂട്ടി-കമ്മീഷണർ സുവർണ്ണത്തിൽ അഡ്വക്കേറ്റ് ജനറൽ ജി.എ.എ.സി.യുടെ അധീനതയിൽ നിർമ്മാണമാക്കുക. തിരുവനന്തപുരം ജില്ലയിലെ ഡെപ്യൂട്ടി-കമ്മീഷണർ സുവർണ്ണത്തിൽ അഡ്വക്കേറ്റ് ജനറൽ ജി.എ.എ.സി.യുടെ അധീനതയിൽ നിർമ്മാണമാക്കുക. തിരുവനന്തപുരം ജില്ലയിലെ ഡെപ്യൂട്ടി-കമ്മീഷണർ സുവർണ്ണത്തിൽ അഡ്വക്കേറ്റ് ജനറൽ ജി.എ.എ.സി.യുടെ അധീനതയിൽ നിർമ്മാണമാക്കുക. തിരുവനന്തപുരം ജില്ലയിലെ ഡെപ്യൂട്ടി-കമ്മീഷണർ സുവർണ്ണത്തിൽ അഡ്വക്കേറ്റ് ജനറൽ ജി.എ.എ.സി.യുടെ അധീനതയിൽ നിർമ്മാണമാക്കുക.

21. ശ്യാപാർശ്വ : പൊതുപ്രവർത്തനം.

അഡ്വക്കേറ്റ് ജനറൽ ജി.എ.എ.സി.യുടെ അധീനതയിൽ നിർമ്മാണമാക്കുക. തിരുവനന്തപുരം ജില്ലയിലെ ഡെപ്യൂട്ടി-കമ്മീഷണർ സുവർണ്ണത്തിൽ അഡ്വക്കേറ്റ് ജനറൽ ജി.എ.എ.സി.യുടെ അധീനതയിൽ നിർമ്മാണമാക്കുക. തിരുവനന്തപുരം ജില്ലയിലെ ഡെപ്യൂട്ടി-കമ്മീഷണർ സുവർണ്ണത്തിൽ അഡ്വക്കേറ്റ് ജനറൽ ജി.എ.എ.സി.യുടെ അധീനതയിൽ നിർമ്മാണമാക്കുക. തിരുവനന്തപുരം ജില്ലയിലെ ഡെപ്യൂട്ടി-കമ്മീഷണർ സുവർണ്ണത്തിൽ അഡ്വക്കേറ്റ് ജനറൽ ജി.എ.എ.സി.യുടെ അധീനതയിൽ നിർമ്മാണമാക്കുക.

22. ശ്യാപാർശ്വ : സർവ്വകലാശാലയുടെ വികസനം.

ഇപ്പോൾ സർവ്വകലാശാലയിൽ ഇരിക്കുന്ന സംഘടനയുടെ നടപടികൾ ഒരു വർഷത്തിനുള്ളിൽ പൂർത്തിയാക്കാനും പ്രവർത്തനം പെട്ടെന്നു സംഘടനയുടെ കടലാസ് സംഘടനയുടെയും സഹകരണ പട്ടം 16 (3) പ്രകാരം തീരുമാനിക്കുന്ന അഡ്വക്കേറ്റ് ജനറൽ ജി.എ.എ.സി.യുടെ അധീനതയിൽ നിർമ്മാണമാക്കുക.

23. ശ്യാപാർശ്വ : ഒരു അഡ്വക്കേറ്റ് ജനറൽ സംഘടന.

ഒരു അഡ്വക്കേറ്റ് ജനറൽ സംഘടനയുടെ വികസനം പൂർത്തിയാക്കാനും അഡ്വക്കേറ്റ് ജനറൽ ജി.എ.എ.സി.യുടെ അധീനതയിൽ നിർമ്മാണമാക്കുക. തിരുവനന്തപുരം ജില്ലയിലെ ഡെപ്യൂട്ടി-കമ്മീഷണർ സുവർണ്ണത്തിൽ അഡ്വക്കേറ്റ് ജനറൽ ജി.എ.എ.സി.യുടെ അധീനതയിൽ നിർമ്മാണമാക്കുക. തിരുവനന്തപുരം ജില്ലയിലെ ഡെപ്യൂട്ടി-കമ്മീഷണർ സുവർണ്ണത്തിൽ അഡ്വക്കേറ്റ് ജനറൽ ജി.എ.എ.സി.യുടെ അധീനതയിൽ നിർമ്മാണമാക്കുക.

24. ശ്യാപാർശ്വ : കെ.എ.എ.സി.യുടെ ഒരു വകുപ്പ്.

വകുപ്പിന്റെ പേരും (department), പ്രവർത്തനം (activity) അപേക്ഷിച്ചു വളരെ ഉയർന്ന തരത്തിൽ കെ.എ.എ.സി.യുടെ ഒരു വകുപ്പ് കൂടി തുടങ്ങാനുള്ള ശ്യാപാർശ്വ പദ്ധതിയെപ്പറ്റി എറണാകുളം ജില്ലയിലെ പ്രവർത്തനം അഡ്വക്കേറ്റ് ജനറൽ ജി.എ.എ.സി.യുടെ അധീനതയിൽ നിർമ്മാണമാക്കുക.

25. ശുപാർശ : വൈവിധ്യവൽക്കണം

ഐസ് & ഫ്രീസറിംഗ് പ്ലാന്റ് കൂടുതൽ വൈവിധ്യവൽക്കണം നടപടികൾ സ്വീകരിക്കണമെന്ന് ശുപാർശ ചെയ്യുന്നു, ഐസ് & ഫ്രീസറിംഗ് പ്ലാന്റിനോട് ചേർന്നുള്ള കാമ്പയിന്റെ ഭാഗം പരമ്പരയായ യന്ത്രവൽകൃത യന്ത്രങ്ങൾ കെട്ടിയിടുന്നതിന് ഉപയോഗപ്പെടുത്തിയാൽ, ന്യായമായ വാടക ഈടാക്കി പുതിയ വരുമാന രാജി കടന്നുപോകും. കെട്ടിയിടിയെ യന്ത്രവൽകൃത മത്സ്യബന്ധന യന്ത്രങ്ങൾക്ക് ഇന്ധന വിതരണം ഐസ്/ഫ്രീസറിംഗ് പ്ലാന്റിന് നടത്താവുന്നതാണ്. സഹകരണ തിരിച്ചറിയുന്നുകൂടുതൽ സഹകരിച്ച അഡ്വൈസ് ചെയ്ത വസ്തുക്കളുടെ വിതരണം ഈ പ്ലാന്റ് വഴി നടത്താവുന്നതാണ്. നല്ല മത്സ്യം ഉപയോഗിക്കാൻ എത്തിച്ചേരുന്നതിനും നല്ല ഐസ് വിതരണത്തിനും ഈ പ്ലാന്റിന് ഏറ്റെടുക്കാവുന്നതാണ്.

26. ശുപാർശ : ഒരു സഹകരണ കമ്പനി സ്ഥാപിക്കൽ.

മത്സ്യപെറിയൻ കീഴിൽ മത്സ്യവിപണനങ്ങളുടെ സംരക്ഷണത്തിന് മുഖ്യവർഗ്ഗീക ഉൽപന്നങ്ങളുടെ ഉൽപാദനത്തിനും, വിതരണത്തിനും, ഒരു സഹകരണ കമ്പനി രൂപീകരിക്കണമെന്ന് കമ്മീഷൻ ശുപാർശ ചെയ്യുന്നു. പ്രാഥമിക സംരക്ഷണത്തിനും മത്സ്യപെറിയന്റേതിൽ ഒരു എന്ന ആത്യന്തരതയിൽ ഓഹരികൾ നൽകേണ്ടതാണ്. ഈ പുതിയ കമ്പനിക്ക് കൊച്ചിയിലെ മത്സ്യ വൈജ്യാലിൽ നേരിട്ട് ഉദമെടുക്കുന്നത് പുതിയ അഭ്യായം തുറന്നിപ്പോകാൻ കഴിയും.

27. ശുപാർശ : ബാങ്കുകളിൽ തീവർ വായ്പ ലഭിക്കുന്നതിനുള്ള രാജ്യകകൾ

സംവത്സരികൾ കൂടുതൽ ഉടമസ്ഥതയിൽ വരുത്താൻ ചുരുങ്ങിയത് മുഖ്യമായ വായ്പ അഡ്വൈസ് ശേഖരണം ചെയ്ത വാങ്ങിയ ബാങ്കുകളിൽ നിന്ന് യജമാനത്വം. സംസ്ഥാനത്തെ മറിഡ് ബാങ്കുകളുമായി നടത്തിയ ചർച്ചയിൽ സഹായത്തിന്റെ കീഴിൽ മത്സ്യങ്ങളുടെ കൂടുതൽ ഉടമസ്ഥതയിൽ വരുത്തി മുഖ്യമായ വായ്പ നൽകുന്നതിന് സന്നദ്ധത പ്രകടിപ്പിക്കുകയാണായി. അംഗങ്ങൾ സമ്പ്രദായ ഗ്രന്ഥികളായി സംവത്സരിച്ച വായ്പാപേക്ഷ സംവത്സരിച്ചു മുഖ്യമായ നൽകുകയും മത്സ്യ പെറിയൻ ശുപാർശ ചെയ്യുന്ന മുറയ്ക്ക് വായ്പകൾ നൽകാമെന്നുള്ള ബാങ്കുകളുടെ സന്നദ്ധത മത്സ്യപെറിയൻ പ്രായോഗികപ്പെടുത്തേണ്ടതാണ്. ഇതിന് അനുയോജ്യമായ രാജ്യകകൾ, മുഖ്യമായ ബാങ്കുവ്യവസ്ഥകൾക്ക് വിധേയമായി, മത്സ്യപെറിയൻ മത്സ്യപെറിയൻ മറിഡ് ബാങ്കുകൾക്കും മറ്റും സംസ്ഥാന സഹകരണ ബാങ്കുകൾക്കും സഹകരിക്കേണ്ടതാണ്. ഇതുവഴി ഇന്നു നിലവിലുള്ളവയെ അതിജീവിക്കുന്ന വായ്പാ അപകൃതവൽക്കരണത്തിലും പദ്ധതി മത്സ്യപെറിയൻ ശുപാർശ മുൻകൈ ഏറ്റെടുത്ത് സംസ്ഥാനത്തെ മറിഡ് ബാങ്കുകളുടെയും മറ്റും സംസ്ഥാന സഹകരണ ബാങ്കുകളുടെയും യോഗം വിളിച്ചു കൂട്ടണം.

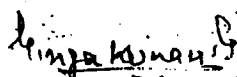
28. ശുപാർശ : ശ്രമനേതൃത്വം നൽകുക.

സന്നദ്ധതയില്ലാത്ത സംവത്സരികൾ കെട്ടിടം, കമ്പ്യൂട്ടർ എന്നിവ വാങ്ങുന്നതിന് ശ്രമനേതൃത്വം മത്സ്യപെറിയൻ അനുവദിക്കണം.

29. ശുപാർശ : സ്പെഷ്യൽ റൂൾസ് അംഗീകരിക്കൽ.

പി.എസ്.സി യുടെ സ്പെഷ്യൽ റൂൾസ് വേഗം അംഗീകരിക്കണമുള്ള തുടങ്ങിയ സർക്കാർ കൈകാര്യമാണ്. അതിൽ ശേഖരണം പ്രാഥമിക സംവത്സരികൾക്ക് മറിഡ് ബാങ്കുകൾക്ക് സഹായം ചെയ്യാനായി ശുപാർശ ചെയ്യുന്നു.

4. വെളിൻ (ഏറണാകുളം), അഴീക്കൽ (കായംകുളം), ബേക്കൽ (കാസർഗോഡ്) തുടങ്ങിയ പ്രധാനപ്പെട്ട അസുഖസന്ധ ക്ഷേത്രങ്ങളിൽ പരമ്പരാഗത യന്ത്രവൽകൃത യന്ത്രങ്ങൾ അല്ലെങ്കിലും വിധികളിൽ ഓൻഡിംഗ് സെന്ററുകൾ പണിയുക.
5. അസിസ്റ്റന്റ് അസിസ്റ്റന്റ്, അസുഖഹൃദ് പ്രതിനിധി, പ്രദേശിക സംഘം പ്രതിനിധി എന്നിവരെയും ഉൾപ്പെടുത്തിക്കൊണ്ട് ഓൻഡിംഗ് സെന്ററുകളുടെ ഭരണത്തിനായി ഒരു 'പങ്കാളിത്ത പരിപാഠന പദ്ധതിയെ' തീരുമാനിക്കുക.
6. അറ്റ്ബോർഡ് ഏജൻസി വൈസൻസുമാരി ബന്ധപ്പെട്ട പ്രദേശങ്ങളിൽ മുൻ ഓസർമാർക്കും അറിയിപ്പ് കൽപ്പിക്കുക.
7. പ്രധാനപ്പെട്ട അസുഖസന്ധ ക്ഷേത്രങ്ങൾ അസുഖഹൃദിന്റെ നേതൃത്വത്തിൽ സംഘം വഴി കർമ്മസ്ഥിതികൾ പൊതുസമൂഹത്തിൽ സർക്കുലർ സഹായകരമായ തീരുമാനമെടുക്കുക.
8. കൂടുതൽ ബോർഡ് ഓഫ് അസുഖഹൃദിന്റെ കർമ്മങ്ങൾ മെച്ചപ്പെടുത്തുന്നതിന് അസുഖഹൃദ് അനുയോജ്യമായ മാതൃക യന്ത്രങ്ങൾക്കായി ഉടൻ മിഡ് ബോർഡ്, സംസ്ഥാന അല്ലെങ്കിൽ സംസ്ഥാന ഭരണ ബോർഡ് എന്നിവയുടെ യോഗം വിളിച്ച് പ്രസ്തുത മാതൃക നൽകാൻ അനുയോജ്യമായ നടപടികൾ സ്വീകരിക്കുക.
9. ഓരോ അഞ്ച് വർഷം കൂടുമ്പോഴും അസുഖഹൃദിന്റെ പ്രവർത്തനം വിലയിരുത്തുന്നതിനായി പുറം ഏജൻസിയെക്കൊണ്ട് പഠനം നടത്തുക.


 Section Officer